SUBJECT: HTW – BCT Meeting September 18, 2008 9:00 a.m.

Check (✓)	Name	Organization	Phone	E-mail address
	Kate Burger	DTSC	916/255-6537	kburger@dtsc.ca.gov
	Franklin Mark	DTSC	916/255-3584	FMark@dtsc.ca.gov
	Martin Hausladen	U.S. EPA	415/972-3007	Hausladen.martin@epamail.epa.gov
Sell	Lewis Mitani	U.S. EPA	415/972-3032	Mitani.lewis@epa.gov
264	Grant Himebaugh	RWQCB	805/542-4636	Ghimebaugh@waterboards.ca.gov
	Bill Mabey	TechLaw Inc	415/281-8730	bmabey@techlawinc.com
My	Gail Youngblood	Fort Ord BRAC	831/242-7918	gail.youngblood@us.army.mil
SIL	Derek Lieberman	Ahtna	831/242-4873	dlieberman@ahtnagov.com
NKC	Bill Collins	Fort Ord BRAC	831/242-7920	William.K.Collins@us.army.mil
	Rob Robinson	Fort Ord BRAC	831/242-7900	clinton.w.robinson@us.army.mil
1	George Siller	СОЕ	916/557-7418	George.L.Siller@usace.army.mil
A	David Eisen	COE	831/393-9692	David.Eisen@usace.army.mil

SUBJECT: HTW – BCT Meeting September 18, 2008 9:00 a.m.

Check (√)	Name	Organization	Phone	E-mail address
	Mark Eldridge	AEC	410/436-6325	Mark.h.eldridge@us.army.mil
RU	Peter Kelsall	Shaw E&I	831/883-5810 ext. 810	Peter.Kelsall@shawgrp.com
DSK	David Kelly	Shaw E&I	925/288-2321	David.kelly@shawgrp.com
Am	Jen Moser	GEM/Shaw E&I	831/883-5812	Jen.moser@shawgrp.com
1	Eric Schmidt	Shaw E&I	831/883-5809	Eric.Schmidt@shawgrp.com
05	Ed Ticken	MACTEC E&C	415/884-3176	ejticken@mactec.com
A	Marc Edwards	COE		Marc.A.Edwards@usace.army.mil
	Michael Taraszki	MACTEC E&C	415/884-3325	mdtaraski@mactec.com
_	Chuck Holman	Ahtna	916/372-2000	cholman@ahtnagov.com
	Kelly O'Meara	Ahtna	916/372-2000	komeara@ahtnagov.com
	Christopher Prescott	USACE		Christopher.E.Prescott@usace.army.mil
	Melissa Broadston	Fort Ord BRAC	831/393-1284	Melissa.broadston@us.army.mil
Phene	Roy Evans	HGL	303/984-1167 xt. 5	revans@hgl.com
RR	ROMAN RACCA	DTSC		

SUBJECT: HTW – BCT Meeting September 18, 2008 9:00 a.m.

Check (✓)	Name	Organization	Phone	E-mail address
/	Wendy Devaney	LFR	510-590-7317	wendy, devaney @ 1fr. com
	,			

HTW BCT Meeting September 2008

Item	Action	Comment
OU1 Groundwater Remediation	Status Update	HGL
OU1 Off-Site	Status Update	
OU2 and 2/12 Treatment Systems	Status Update	
Other Groundwater Issues	Status Update	Quarterly sampling
OUCTP	Status Update	RD/RA Work Plan
OU2 Landfill Gas	Status Update	
Basewide Range Assessment	Status Update	No Action Approval Memos, HA 161 IA Memo
Site 39 ROD	Status Update	
FFA Schedule	Status Update	
FOST/FOSET Issues	Status Update	
Calendar Update	Update	



Former Fort Ord Groundwater Treatment Systems Operational Data and Status

BCT Meeting, September 18, 2008

Table 1: OU2 and Sites 2/12 GWTP Treatment Statistics.

	Volume Treated (gallons)	Average Flow (gallons per minute)	Percent of Time Online	COC Mass Removed (lbs)
		OU2		
August 2008	29,437,610	659	100	2.79
Total since October 1995	4.296 billion			571.83
Est West Trans	Si	tes 2/12		Strate and
August 2008	6,563,900	147	100	1.18
Total since May 1999	1.130 billion			395.18

Table 2: OU2 and Sites 2/12 GWTP Calendar of events.

Key	Events for Ol	U2 and Sites 2/1	2 for August 2	008	
Monday Notices in August. se alerts required the tention of the Senior erator.	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday 1	Saturday 2
4	5	6	7	8	9
11	12	13	14	15	16 EW-OU2-09-A pump failed.
18	19	20	21	22	23
25	26	27	28	29	30
	Monday Notices in August. se alerts required the tention of the Senior erator. 4 11	Monday Notices in August. se alerts required the tention of the Senior erator. 4 5 11 12	Monday Notices in August. se alerts required the tention of the Senior erator. 4 5 6 11 12 13	Monday Notices in August. se alerts required the tention of the Senior trator. 4	Notices in August, se alerts required the tention of the Senior erator. 4

AHTNA Government Services Corporation

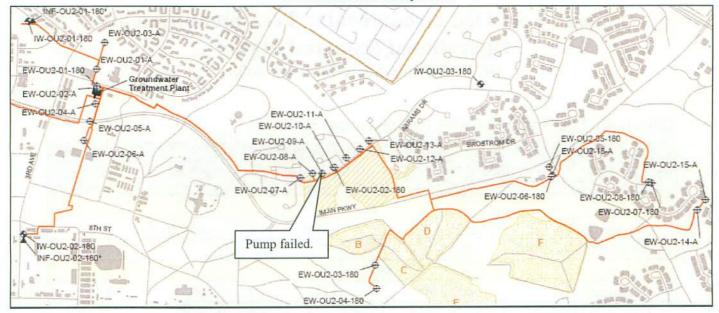


Figure 1: OU2 GWTP Treatment Events August 2008.

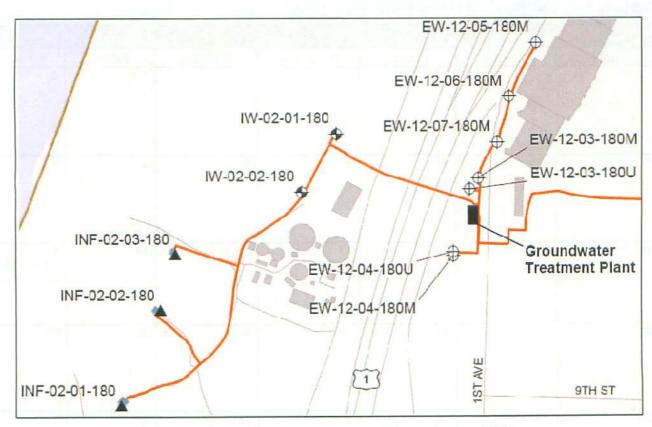


Figure 2: Sites 2/12 GWTP Treatment Events August 2008.

AHTNA Government Services Corporation

Table 3: August 2008 OU2 Analytical Results at TS-OU2-INJ.

	Discharge	Sample Date / A	nalytical Results	
COC	Limit (µg/L)‡	08/05/2008	08/20/2008	
1,1-DCA	5.0*	1.2	1.1	
1,2-DCA	0.5	0.27 J	0.22 J	
1,2-DCP †	0.5	ND	ND	
Benzene	0.5	ND	ND	
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.5	ND	ND	
Chloroform	2.0*	0.54	0.52	
Cis-1,2-DCE	6.0*	1.5	1.4	
Methylene Chloride	0.5	ND	ND	
PCE	0.5	ND	ND	
TCE	0.5	0.20 J	0.17 J	
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	ND	ND	

Table 4: August 2008 Sites 2/12 Analytical Results at TS-212-INJ

	Discharge Limit	Sample Date / Analytical Results					
COC	(μg/L)‡	08/05/2008	08/13/2008	08/20/2008	8/26/08**		
1,1-DCE	6	ND	ND	ND	ND		
1,2-DCA	0.5	0.25 J	0.26 J	0.24 J	0.21 J		
1,3-DCP †	0.5	ND	ND	ND	ND		
Chloroform	2	0.51	0.52	0.48 J	0.38 J		
Cis-1,2 DCE	6	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.2		
PCE	3	ND	ND	ND	ND		
TCE	5	0.20 J	0.20 J	0.17 J	0.16 J		
Vinyl Chloride	0.1	ND	ND	ND	ND		

NOTES:

- J The analyte was positively identified, but the associated numerical value is an approximate concentration greater than the Method Detection Limit (MDL) but less than the Practical Quantitation Limit (PQL).
- ND The analyte was not detected above MDL.
- * Discharge limits for low carbon affinity compounds were increased to the Aquifer Cleanup Level (ACL).
- ‡ Discharge limits are the ACLs for injection over the plume.
- † The reported value is the sum of both cis- and trans-isomers.
- ** Preliminary data; validation has not been completed.
- J± Data are qualified as estimated, with a high (+) or low (-) bias likely to have occurred. False positives or false negatives are unlikely to have been reported.

AHTNA Government Services Corporation

Table 5: August 2008 OU2 and Sites 2/12 Extraction Well Status.

Well	%	Avg.	Total	% of	
Identification	On	gpm	Gallons	Total	Comments
			Site 12 Ext	raction V	Vells
EW-12-05-180M	22.8	19.7	879,900	13.4	
EW-12-06-180M	98.3	127.2	5,678,700	86.5	
EW-12-07-180M	0.1	0.1	5,300	0.1	
EW-12-03-180U	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-12-03-180M	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-12-04-180U	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-12-04-180M	0	0.0	0	0.0	Ceased operating on 11/21/2005.
Total 2/12	gallons	treated:	6,563,900	100.0	
	0		OU2 Extr	action W	ells
Western Network					Edition of the second second
EW-OU2-01-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-OU2-02-A	43.3	18.0	804,180	2.7	and the second second
EW-OU2-03-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-OU2-04-A	99.4	27.9	1,246,550	4.2	
EW-OU2-05-A	100	51.0	2,276,640	7.7	
EW-OU2-06-A	73.6	27.9	1,247,540	4.2	
EW-OU2-01-180	0	0.0	0	0.0	No pump in well.
Total g	allons ex	tracted:	5,574,910	18.9	
Eastern Network					
EW-OU2-07-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-OU2-08-A	38.6	3.3	146,990	0.5	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-OU2-09-A	25.3	7.1	317,700	1.1	Pump failed August 16.
EW-OU2-10-A	99.9	27.5	1,229,310	4.2	
EW-OU2-11-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to area construction.
EW-OU2-12-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to area construction.
EW-OU2-13-A	100	30.0	1,339,800	4.6	
EW-OU2-02-180	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline pending installation of VFD.
Total g	allons ex	tracted:	3,033,800	10.3	
Shoppette			THE PLEASE	MISITION	
EW-OU2-05-180	67.4	88.2	3,938,700	13.4	The Designation of the State of
EW-OU2-06-180	99.4	152.6	6,810,400	23.1	Television of the second of
EW-OU2-16-A	98.6	20.5	901,400	3.1	
	allons ex		11,650,500	39.6	rain and 1000 the assemble probabile.
CSUMB					
EW-OU2-14-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
EW-OU2-15-A	0	0.0	0	0.0	Well offline due to low concentrations.
	allons ex		0	0.0	
Landfill					
EW-OU2-03-180	99.2	147.8	6,596,000	22.4	
EW-OU2-04-180	0.4	0.5	21400	0.1	Well offline due to low concentrations.
	allons ex		6,617,400	22.5	
Bunker Hill		B B B K			Manager of the Spirit State of the Spirit
EW-OU2-08-180	99.6	57.4	2,561,000	8.7	
	allons ex		2,561,000	8.7	
Total OU2			29,437,610	100.0	REPLANTING A SECOND VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OF

Site 39 Remedial Action Status Update 9/18/2008

Documents

Document	Schedule	Comments
Habitat Restoration Plan	Agency comment due 9/30.	Extension requested
ROD Amendment	Issue Draft Final by 9/18	comments incorporated
RD/RAWP	Issue Draft by 9/30	Army comments incorporated; In internal Shaw back check.

Ongoing Engineering Activities

Site 39

- Evaluate cost impact for placing temporary water pipeline for dust control at HAs 18/19 instead of trucking water.
- Data management and reporting of HMP plant species survey (transects) for remediation areas.

OU2 Landfills

• Evaluate E/F Hill as borrow source for vegetative cover. Prepare grading plan.

Future Field Activities

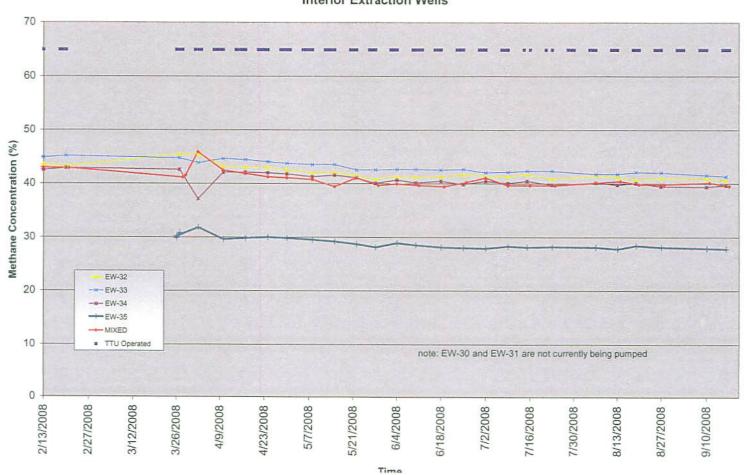
- Wetland monitoring Ponds 8 and 30 still need survey data if possible before range remediation. No ponding from 2006 through 2008.
- Site Preparation scheduled to start January 2009.
- Excavation scheduled to start March 2009.

Thermal Treatment Unit Operation Summary 2007/2008

Start Date/Time:	4/4/2006
Last Reading Date/Time:	9/17/2008 16:30
Total Hours (2006):	6528
Total Hours Operated (2006):	2891.50
% Operation (2006):	44.3%
Total Hours (2007):	8760
Total Hours Operated (2007):	4035.4
% Operation (2007):	48.7%
Total Hours (2008):	6256.5
Total Hours Operated (2008):	2017.9
% Operation (2008):	32.3%
Cumulative % Operation (since 4/4/2006):	41.5%

Pounds of Methane Removed (2007)	372759	
Pounds of Methane Removed (2008)	154282	

Methane Concentration vs. Time (after 02-13-08) Interior Extraction Wells



Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Remedial Action Work Plan Presentation

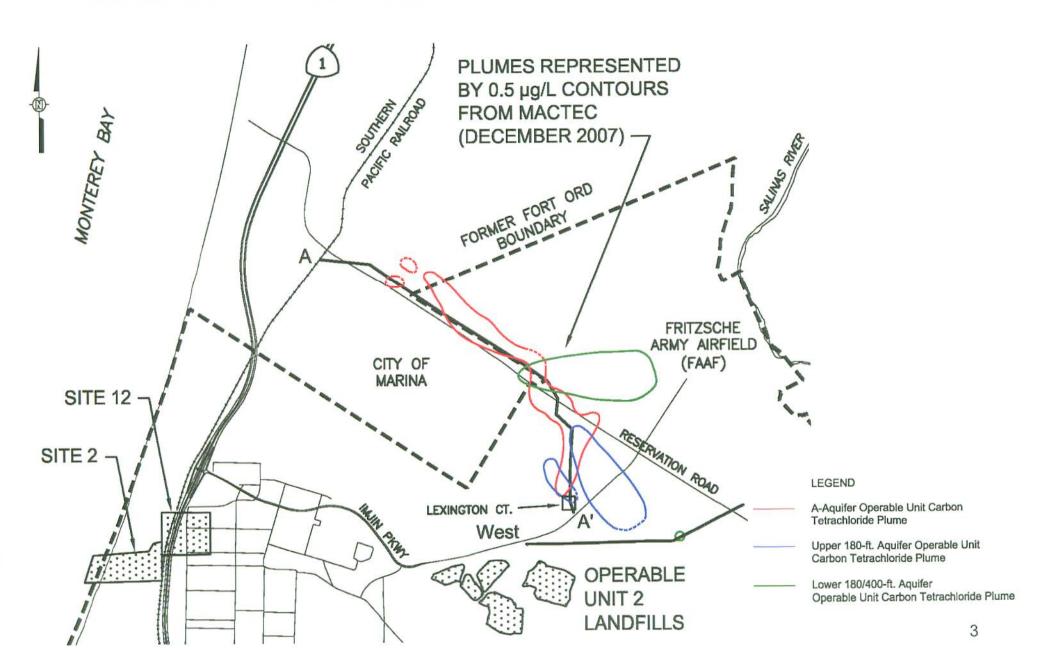
- Remedial Action Work Plan Structure
- Remedial Action Objectives
- Selected Remedial Actions
- Conceptual Model
- Groundwater Monitoring Program
- A-Aquifer Remedial Design
 - A-Aquifer Remedial Action Design Basis
 - A-Aquifer Remedial Action System Construction
 - A-Aquifer Remedial Action System Operation
 - A-Aquifer Remedial Action Monitoring
 - A-Aquifer Remedial Action Preliminary Schedule

Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Remedial Action Work Plan Structure

Work Plan Table of Contents

- Introduction
- Site Location and History
- Site Hydrogeologic Setting
- Nature and Extent of Impacted Groundwater
- Conceptual Model
- Technical Project Planning
- OUCTP Groundwater Monitoring Program
- Regulatory Requirements and Permitting
- Pre-Construction Activities
- Protection of Environmental Resources
- Site Safety and Health Plan
- Contractor Quality Control Plan
- Appendix A Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride A-Aquifer Remedial Design
 - Introduction
 - · Remedial Approach
 - · Treatment System Components
 - · Enhanced in situ Bioremediation Treatment Operations
 - · Sampling and Analysis Plan
 - · Program Evaluation, Reporting and Modifications
- Appendix B Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Upper 180-Foot Aquifer Remedial Design
 - · To be submitted at a later date
- Appendix C Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Lower 180-Foot Aquifer Remedial Design
 - To be submitted at a later date
- Appendix D Activity Hazard Analyses
- Appendix E Prohibition Zone and Special Groundwater Protection Zone Maps

Plume Location Map December 2007



Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Remedial Action Objectives

- Human health risk is within acceptable range since exposure pathways for contaminated groundwater are incomplete.
- Groundwater within the OUCTP is located in a Prohibition Zone of the Special Groundwater Protection Zone. Installation of new supply wells is prohibited by Monterey County.
- ARARs (federal and state MCLs) considered to meet longterm potential risks and provide unrestricted use of groundwater at the site.

Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Remedial Action Objectives

Chemicals of Concern and Aquifer Cleanup Levels, Record of Decision, Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume

Chemicals of Concern	Maximum Contaminant Levels		Aquifer Cleanup	State or Federal MCL	Maximum Chemical Concentration Detected		Aquifer Discharge
	State ^a µg/L	Federal ^b µg/L	Levels ^c µg/L	Selected as the ACL	Historicald µg/L	2004° µg/L	Levelsf
A-Aquifer							
СТ	0.5	5	0.5	State	19	15	0.5
PCE	5	5	5	State	1.63	0.87	0.5
TCE	5	5	5	State	6.4	4.9	0.5
DCE	6	7	6	State	0.44	0.44	0.5
Chloroform			29	Other	1.8	1.6	0.5
1,2 DCE	6	70	6	State	0.44	0.44	0.5
Dichloromethane	5	5	5	State	17	ND	0.5
Vinyl Chloride	0.5	2	0,19	Other	ND	ND	0.1
Upper 180-Foot Aquit	er						
CT	0.5	5	0.5	State	9.8	3.5	0.5
Lower 180-Foot Aquit	er						
1,2 DCA	0.5	5	0.5	State	1.7	1.2	0.5
CT	0.5	5	0.5	State	6.95	3.6	0.5

µg/L denotes micrograms per liter.

1,2-DCA denotes 1,2-dichloroethane.

1,2-DCE denotes 1,2-dichloroethylene.

ACL denotes aquifer cleanup level.

CT denotes carbon tetrachloride.

DCE denotes 1,1-dichloroethylene.

DLRS denotes detection limits for purpose of reporting.

ND denotes Not Detected

MCL denotes maximum contaminant level.

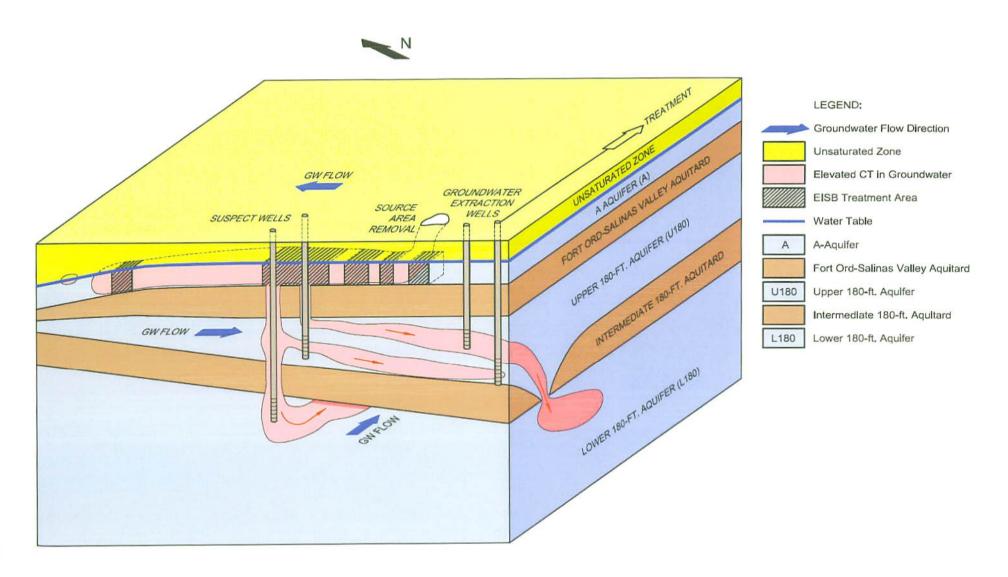
PHGS denotes public health goals

PCE denotes tertachforethene.

TCE denotes trichloroethene.

Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Selected Remedial Actions

- A-Aquifer Enhanced in situ Bioremediation
 - Treat selected segments of the Plume near the source area.
 - Significant reduction in overall mass of COCs.
 - · Enhance natural attenuation of plume downgradient of the treatment areas.
- Upper 180-Foot Aquifer Groundwater Extraction and Treatment Within the OU2 GWETS.
 - Groundwater extraction from one or more wells at downgradient segment of the Plume.
 - Evaluate effectiveness of existing extraction wells.
 - Treat extracted groundwater at OU2 groundwater extraction and treatment system.
- Lower 180-Foot Aquifer Monitored Natural Attenuation with Wellhead Treatment Contingency.
- All Aquifers Institutional Controls
- Groundwater Monitoring Program



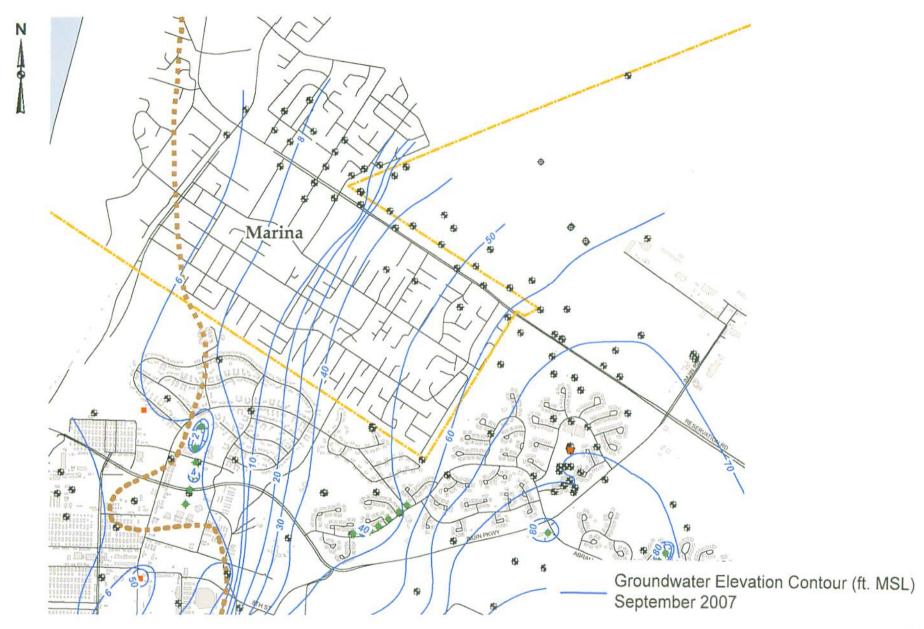
NOT TO SCALE

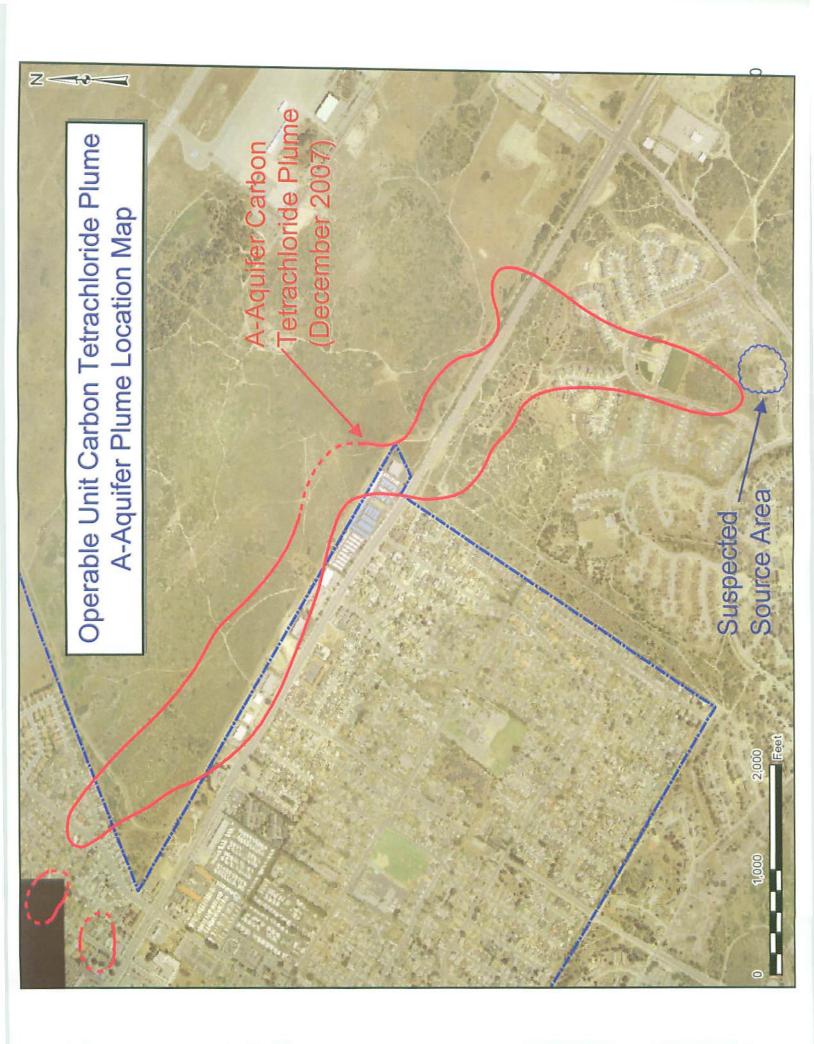
Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Conceptual Model

Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Groundwater Monitoring Program

- Continuation of Basewide Groundwater Monitoring Program
 - Conducted in accordance with the Draft Final Basewide Sampling and Analysis Plan, Groundwater Monitoring Program Sites 2 and 12, OU2, and OUCTP, Former Fort Ord, California (MACTEC, 2007).
 - Separate statistical evaluations may be conducted using the collected data to evaluate the natural attenuation of COCs

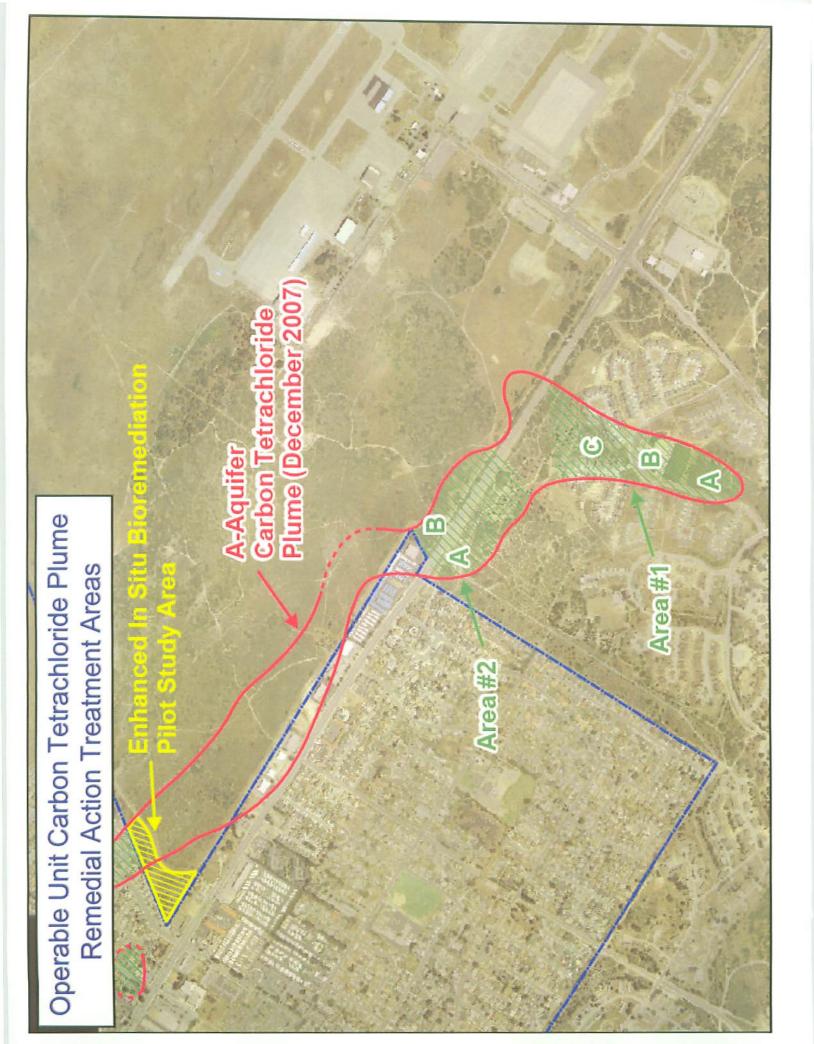
A-Aquifer Groundwater Elevation Contour Map September 2007





Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride A-Aquifer Remedial Approach

- Conduct enhanced in situ bioremediation treatment at locations within the plume where the highest carbon tetrachloride concentrations remain in groundwater.
 - Source area (Area #1)
 - Middle section of the plume (Area #2)
- Conduct treatment system monitoring for COCs and natural attenuation parameters at each deployment area.
 - During EISB implementation to evaluate substrate distribution and effectiveness of treatment.
 - Following EISB to evaluate rebound and enhanced natural attenuation.
- Continue quarterly groundwater monitoring for the entire site to evaluate long-term changes in concentration over time.
 - Monitoring wells may be added, as necessary.
- Maintain institutional controls to limit access to groundwater until ACLs are met.

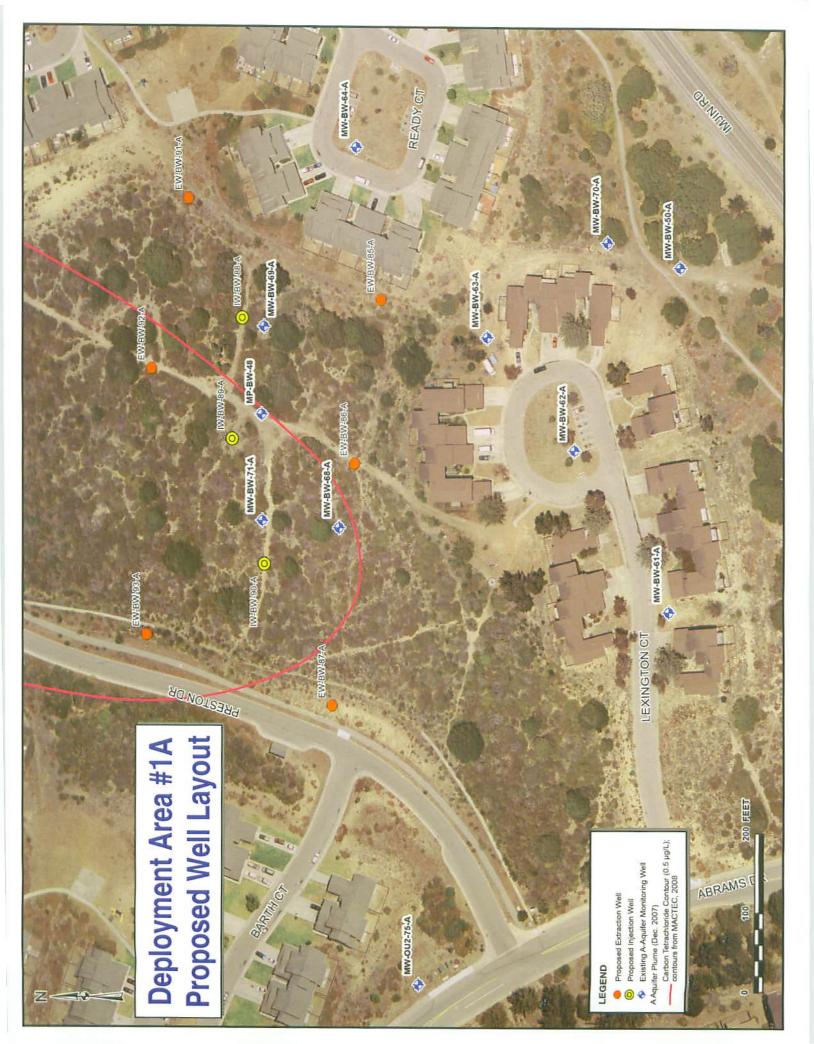


Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume A-Aquifer Remedial Action Design Basis

- EISB Pilot Study Data Applied to Full-Scale Remediation
 - Well Spacing
 - Approximately 150 to 200 feet between injection and extraction wells.
 - Injection/Extraction Rates
 - Inject substrate for 1 hour out of every 6 hours to enhance distribution.
 - · Up to 2 to 1 extraction to injection wells.
 - Substrate Concentrations
 - Target concentration of 500 ug/L sodium lactate in the aquifer.
 - Deployment Area 1A 7,500 gallons
 - Deployment Area 1B 6,000 gallons
 - Deployment Area 1C 9,300 gallons
 - Deployment Area 2A 11,900 gallons
 - Deployment Area 2B 13,400 gallons
 - Injection concentration as high as 5,000 to 7000 ug/L to minimize well biofouling.
 - Lessons Learned
 - Extraction and injection flowrates will be lower than estimates based on slug/pump tests.
 - Biofouling
 - Minimized by increasing substrate injection concentration
 - Hydrogen peroxide effective at cleaning well for a limited time.
 - Increased injection pressure may cause well failure.
 - · Failure of wells
 - Ensure wells are properly installed and modify surface completions as necessary.
 - Lower maximum injection pressure.
 - Recirculating groundwater after substrate injection enhances distribution

Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume Remedial Action System Construction

- Install groundwater extraction, injection, and monitoring wells.
 - Well number and location are based on:
 - Contaminant distribution
 - Ability to distribute substrate between wells (design parameters from pilot study)
 - Capacity of processing system (up to 15 extraction wells and 7 injection wells)
 - Surface features (buildings, roads, access, ground surface slope, endangered plants)
- Install processing equipment
 - Contained in 40 foot transport container (constructed during Pilot Study)
 - Substrate storage tank
 - Metering pumps
 - Controls (fully automated system with shutdown and call out)
- Install underground utilities



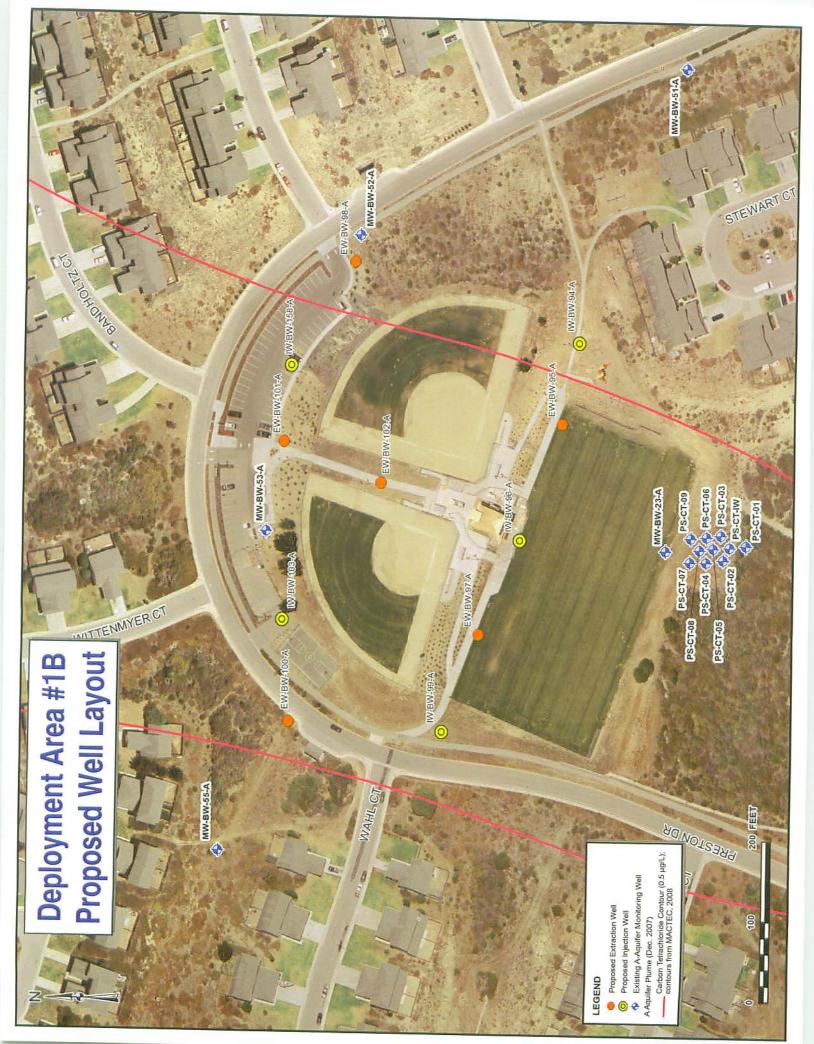




Photo 1: North edge of soccer field facing east.



Photo 2: North edge of soccer field facing west.

Photographs of Existing Features Within Deployment Area #1B

Photo 3 (right): South of basketball court facing north.



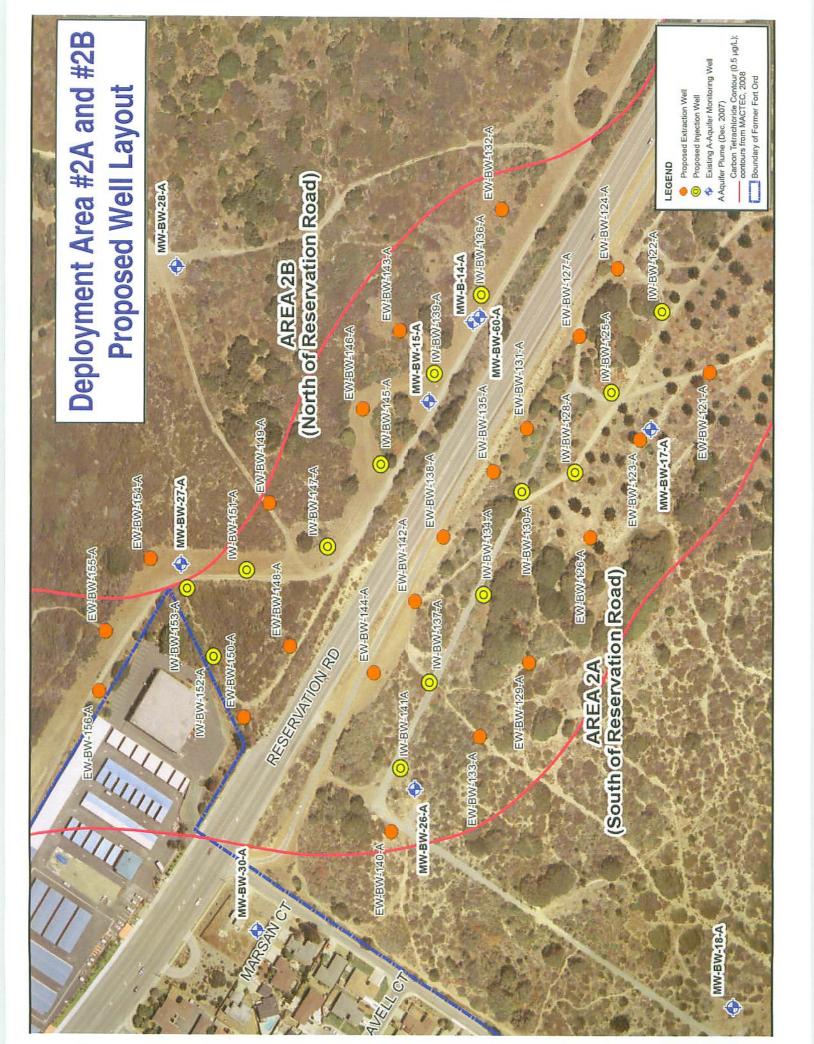


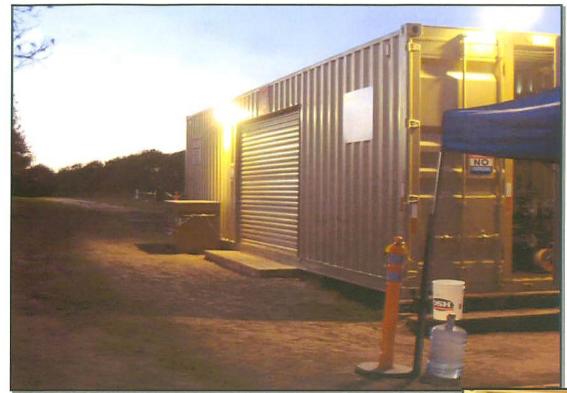
Photo 4 (left): Between baseball diamonds facing south.

Photo 5 (below): Between baseball diamonds facing north.









Exterior View

Enhanced in situ Bioremediation Process Container Interior View



Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume A-Aquifer Remedial Action System Operation

- System Checkout/Start-up
 - Ensure system operating properly.
- Baseline Sampling and Analysis
 - Collect groundwater sample to establish conditions before substrate injection.
- System Operation and Maintenance
 - Start groundwater recycling.
 - Start metering substrate into extracted groundwater and re-inject.
 - Collect samples in extraction and monitoring wells to monitor distribution of substrate.
 - Conduct regular system inspections and maintenance.
 - Address biofouling as necessary.
 - Injection complete when all substrate injected (approximately 1 to 2 months).
 - Recirculate groundwater for approximately 2 weeks after substrate injected to further distribute.
- Move Process Container to Next Area

Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume A-Aquifer Remedial Action Monitoring

Baseline Sampling and Analysis

- Conducted at each deployment area prior to substrate injection.
- Analyze for all EISB parameters.

Performance (Treatment) Monitoring

- Conducted at each deployment area during substrate injection.
- Screen weekly for hydrochemistry parameters.
- For the first month of substrate injection, collect samples every other week for off-site analysis of EISB parameters.
- After one month and for up to six months after substrate injection is initiated, collect samples monthly for offsite analysis of EISB parameters.
- The specific wells and analysis will be determined based on the number and location of wells and the data collected over time.

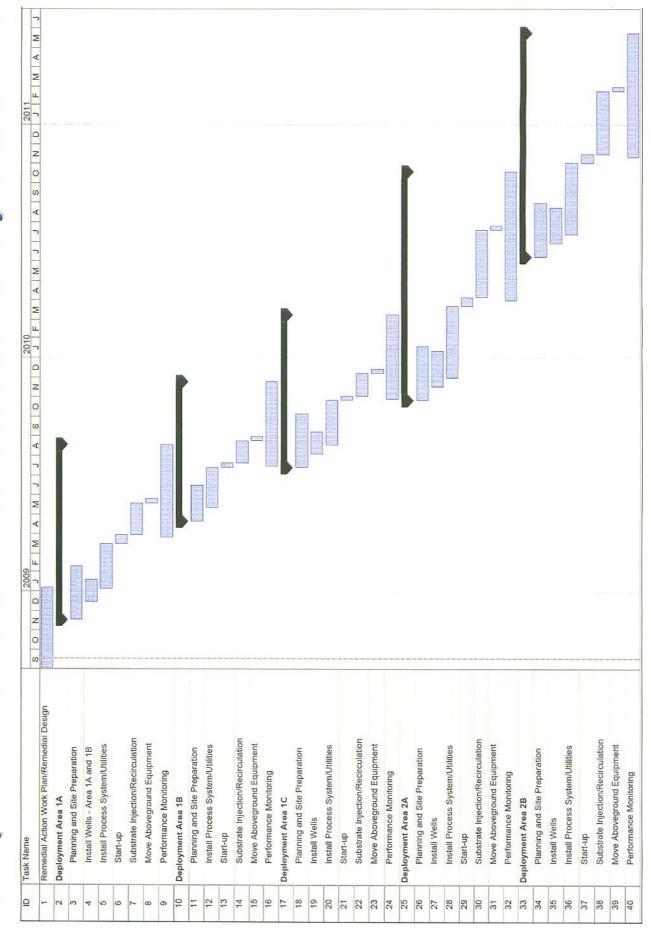
Post-Treatment Monitoring

- Conducted in concurrence with long-term monitoring after performance monitoring is completed.
- Continue monitoring the EISB process in a limited number of wells in each deployment area.
 - Monitor further treatment of contaminated water that flows into the treatment area.
 - Monitor oxidation of deployment area over time.
 - · Evaluate rebound.
- The number of wells and specific analysis will be reduced over time.
- Conducted until ACLs are achieved

Long-Term Monitoring (All Aquifers)

- Quarterly monitoring of COCs in designated wells within the plume.
- Conducted after ACLs are achieved in each well, as necessary, to support site closure.

A-Aquifer Remedial Action Preliminary Schedule Operable Unit Carbon Tetrachloride Plume



OPERABLE UNIT 1 OFF-SITE GROUNDWATER EXTRACTION PILOT STUDY

STATUS - September 17, 2008

FIELD WORK

- Well construction complete December 21
 - 2 extraction wells
 - 3 monitoring wells
- Draft Final OU1 Pilot Study Work Plan distributed April 22
- Baseline sampling and analysis June 14
- System construction completed July 16
- Monitoring well (City of Marina) installation July 28
- System start-up August 5
- Monitoring well (City of Marina) development August 8
- System switched from generator to permanent power (MCWD) August 13.

SCHEDULE

- Weekly monitoring through September
- Quarterly sampling or monitoring wells September 15.

DATA (Preliminary)

- August analytical results.
- August treatment system summary.

PROBLEMS/CHANGES

- Treated groundwater is being discharged to a discharge basin within the MCWD property. An injection well was not installed.
- One monitoring well has been installed in the City of Marina to determine the downgradient extent of the plume. Well number and location is based on the decision criteria in the Draft Work Plan.
- Extraction pump in well EW-OU1-93-A failed on August 17. The pump was replaced and restarted on August 26. The extraction rate was reduced to minimize pump cycling.

Summary of Operable Unit 1 Process System Operating Parameters August 1 - 28, 2008

	Volume Treated (gallons)	Average Flowrate (gallons per minute)	Percent of Month Online	Mass TCE Removed (pounds)	Notes		
EW-OU1-92-A				-			
August 2008	603,005	20.1	75.9	0.0154	7		
Total	603,005			0.0154	7		
EW-OU1-93-A	U1-93-A Extraction pump failed on 8/17. Pump				Extraction pump failed on 8/17. Pump replaced and		
August 2008	306,978	19.2	40.6	0.0272	restarted on 8/26.		
Total	306,978			0.0272			
System					System started August 5, 2008. System shut down		
August 2008	890,147	29.9	75.9	0.0370	8/6, 8/11, and 8/12 due to generator maintenance.		
Total	890,147			0.0370	System switched to permenant power on 8/13.		

Summary of Operable Unit 1 Process System Trichlorethene Analytical Results

Date	Sample Location								
	Extracti	on Wells	Granular Activated Carbon Beds						
	OU1PS-EW-92	OU1PS-EW-93	OU1PS-INF	OU1PS-BTW	OU1PS-EFF				
August 5, 2008	1.2 ^a µg/L	14 ^b μg/L							
August 11, 2008	3.4° µg/L	8.7 ^d μg/L	5.4 ^e μg/L	<0.5 ¹ μg/L	<0.5 ⁹ μg/L				
August 18, 2008	3.7 ^h μg/L	6.1 μg/L	4.7 ^k μg/L	<0.5 ^m μg/L	<0.5 ⁿ μg/L				
August 25, 2008	3.8 ^ρ μg/L	not operating	3.6 ^q µg/L	<0.5 ^r μg/L	<0.5 ^s μg/L				

Detections are shown in bold. μ g/L denotes micrograms per liter. Data qualified as "J" is estimated.

^a additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.66J μg/L; isopropylbenzene - 0.95J μg/L

^b additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene - 0.37J μg/L; cis-1,2-dichloroethylene - 0.43J μg/L

^c additional compounds detected: benzene - 1.7 μ g/L; isopropylbenzene - 1.3 μ g/L

^d additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.32J μ g/L; isopropylbenzene - 0.58J μ g/L; cis-1,2-dichloroethylene - 0.31J μ g/L

 $^{^{\}circ}$ additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.56J μ g/L; isopropylbenzene 0.76J μ g/L

 $^{^{\}prime}$ additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene 0.52J $\,\mu$ g/L

 $^{^{9}}$ additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.84J μ g/L; isopropylbenzene 0.62J μ g/L

 $^{^{\}rm h}$ additional compounds detected: benzene - 1.0 $\,\mu$ g/L; isopropylbenzene - 1.4 $\,\mu$ g/L

 $^{^{}I}$ additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene - 0.39J μ g/L; cis-1,2-dichloroethylene - 0.21J μ g/L

k additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.27J μg/L; isopropylbenzene 0.55J μg/L

 $^{^{} ext{m}}$ additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene 0.26J $\,\mu$ g/L

 $^{^{}n}$ additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene 0.39J μ g/L

 $^{^{}p}$ additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.33J $\,\mu$ g/L; isopropylbenzene - 1.2 $\,\mu$ g/L

 $^{^{}m q}$ additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene 0.47J $\,\mu$ g/L

 $^{^{\}prime}$ additional compounds detected: isopropylbenzene 0.33J $\,\mu$ g/L

 $^{^{5}}$ additional compounds detected: benzene - 0.46J $\,\mu$ g/L; isopropylbenzene - 0.69J $\,\mu$ g/L

HGL AGENDA & NOTES

Fort Ord HTW BCT Meeting 9:00 AM, 18 September 2008 Monterey, California

1. Groundwater Remediation System Update

Northwest Treatment System (NWTS) has operated continuously since last update on 18 August 2008. Total volume pumped through 15 September 2008 is 66,098,750 gallons. The average treatment rate over the last for weeks has been 91.7 gallons per minute.

The last bi-monthly samples from the treatment system and extraction wells were collected on 21 July; preliminary results were reported in August as shown below. The preliminary data has since been validated and was accepted as originally reported with no qualifiers added.

- System influent TCE concentration decreased slightly to 3.6 μg/L (from 3.9 μg/L in May).
- System influent cis-1,2-DCE concentration increased slightly to $0.41\mu g/L$ (from $0.36 \mu g/L$ in May).
- System effluent concentrations were below detection limit for all ten compounds monitored.
- TCE at individual extraction wells (except MW-85) and system influent slightly lower than the previous sample in May; MW-85 increased from 2.5 to 4.4 ppb.
- All extraction wells showed TCE concentrations less than 5 μ g/L except the two wells located in the central portion of the plume: MW-87 (9.1 μ g/L) and EW-71 (14 μ g/L).

2. Long Term Monitoring Update

Third quarter (includes annual frequency wells) samples will be collected during the week beginning 29 September. The bi-monthly system performance samples will be collected concurrently with the 3rd Quarter LTM samples.

3. NWTS Operation Relative to Carbon Change-out

Cis-1,2-DCE has been detected at concentrations below the method detection limit of 0.5 μ g/L in the treatment system sample collected at the mid-point of the GAC process (i.e., as influent to the lag vessels). As shown in the graph below, these concentrations (0.11 μ g/L, 0.21 μ g/L, and 0.34 μ g/L in March, May and July, respectively) have been slowly increasing but remain well below the peak influent concentration (1.7 μ g/L) and an order of magnitude below the Aquifer Cleanup Level (6.0 μ g/L). No other compounds have been detected in the effluent from the lead GAC units.

The carbon adsorption efficiency for cis-1,2-DCE is less than that for TCE. HGL will continue to monitor the concentration trends for both cis-1,2-DCE and TCE in the NWTS and schedule future carbon change-out(s) accordingly. HGL proposes to schedule such change-outs if the TCE

concentration in the mid-point sample exceeds 0.5 $\mu g/L$ or if the cis-1,2-DCE concentration exceeds 3.0 $\mu g/L$.

